

Central Line Associated Bloodstream (CLABSI) Rates and Utilization in Intensive Care Units, Delaware July-September, 2009

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Note: For a full description of the background and methodology for this report, please refer to Delaware Hospital Infection Reporting Data: 2008, which can be found at the following website: http://www.dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/dpc/files/hai_report_2008_final.pdf

Central Line Associated Bloodstream (CLABSI) Rates in Intensive Care Units, Delaware, 3rd Quarter (July- Sept) and as reported by the National Health Safety Network (2006-2008)

Hospital	Number of Infections	Number of Central Line days ¹	Hospital CLABSI Rate/1000 ²	NHSN CLABSI Rate/1000 ³	CLABSI Rate Percentile ⁴	p value ⁵	Interpretation ⁶				
A. I. duPont Hospital for Children	0	883	0.0	3.0	10%	0.0735	Rate is not statistically different than NHSN rate				
Christiana Care Health System- Christiana Hospital	1	960	1.0	2.6	24%	0.2945	Rate is not statistically different than NHSN rate				
Christiana Care Health System – Wilmington Hospital	2	293	6.8	2.1	96%	0.1277	Rate is not significantly different than NHSN rate				
St. Francis Hospital	No report										
BayHealth Medical Center – Kent General Hospital	1	405	2.5	1.5	81%	0.4544	Rate is not statistically different than NHSN rate				
BayHealth Medical Center – Milford Memorial Hospital	0	217	0.0	1.5	50%	0.7228	Rate is not statistically different than NHSN rate				
Beebe Medical Center	0	389	0.0	1.5	50%	0.5588	Rate is not statistically different than NHSN rate				
Nanticoke Memorial Hospital	0	327	0.0	1.5	50%	0.6224	Rate is not statistically different than NHSN rate				

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² (Infections/device-days) x 1000

¹ The total number of days of exposure to the device (central line) by all of the patients in the selected population (ICU) during the selected time period (2008).

³ Rate for all participating NHSN hospitals of that location type (the patient care area to which a patient is assigned while receiving care while in the facility).

⁴ An estimate of where the local facility rate falls on the distribution of the rate for all NHSN facilities of that type of location. For example, a percentile of 75% means that 75% of NHSN hospitals were below this rate.

The probability value from a significance test comparing the local hospital to the NHSN aggregate rate.

⁶ Significance criteria is p<0.05 (95% confidence)

Central Line Utilization Rates in Intensive Care Units, Delaware, 3rd Quarter (July-Sept) 2009 and as reported by the National Health Safety Network (2006-2008)

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Hospital	Number of Central Line days ⁷	Number of Patient days ⁸	Utilization Ratio ⁹	NHSN Utilization Ratio ¹⁰	Utilization Ratio Percentile ¹¹	P value ¹²	Interpretation ¹³		
A. I. duPont Hospital for Children	883	1307	0.68	0.48	91%	0.0000	Utilization ratio is significantly higher than NHSN ratio		
Christiana Care Health System Christiana	960	1546	0.62	0.61	44%	0.2293	Utilization ratio is not significantly different that NHSN ratio		
Christiana Care Health System – Wilmington Hospital	293	473	0.62	0.59	54%	0.1336	Utilization ratio is not significantly different that NHSN ratio		
St. Francis Hospital	No report								
BayHealth Medical Center – Kent General Hospital	405	959	0.42	0.39	59%	0.0196	Utilization ratio is significantly higher than NHSN ratio		
BayHealth Medical Center – Milford Memorial Hospital	217	519	0.42	0.39	59%	0.0967	Utilization ratio is not significantly different that NHSN ratio		
Beebe Medical Center	389	740	0.53	0.39	75%	0.0000	Utilization ratio is significantly higher than NHSN ratio		
Nanticoke Memorial Hospital	317	493	0.64	0.39	87%	0.0000	Utilization ratio is significantly higher than NHSN ratio		

⁷ The total number of days of exposure to the device (central line) by all of the patients in the selected population (ICU) during the selected time period (2008).

⁸ The total number of days that patients are in the location during the selected time period.

⁹ Central line days/patient days

¹⁰ Ratio for all participating NHSN hospitals of that location type (the patient care area to which a patient is assigned while receiving care while in the facility).

An estimate of where the local facility ratio falls on the distribution of the ratio for all facilities of that type of location. For example, a percentile of 75% means that 75% of NHSN hospitals were below this ratio.

The probability value from a significance test comparing the local hospital to the NHSN aggregate ratio.

¹³ Significance criteria is p<0.05 (95% confidence)